



Scottish Borders
Health and Social Care
PARTNERSHIP

Quarterly Performance Report for the
Scottish Borders Integration Joint Board January 2019

SUMMARY OF PERFORMANCE:
DATA AVAILABLE AT END DECEMBER 2018

Structured Around the 3 Objectives in the Revised Strategic Plan

Objective 1: We will improve health of the population and reduce the number of hospital admissions

Objective 2: We will improve patient flow within and outwith hospital

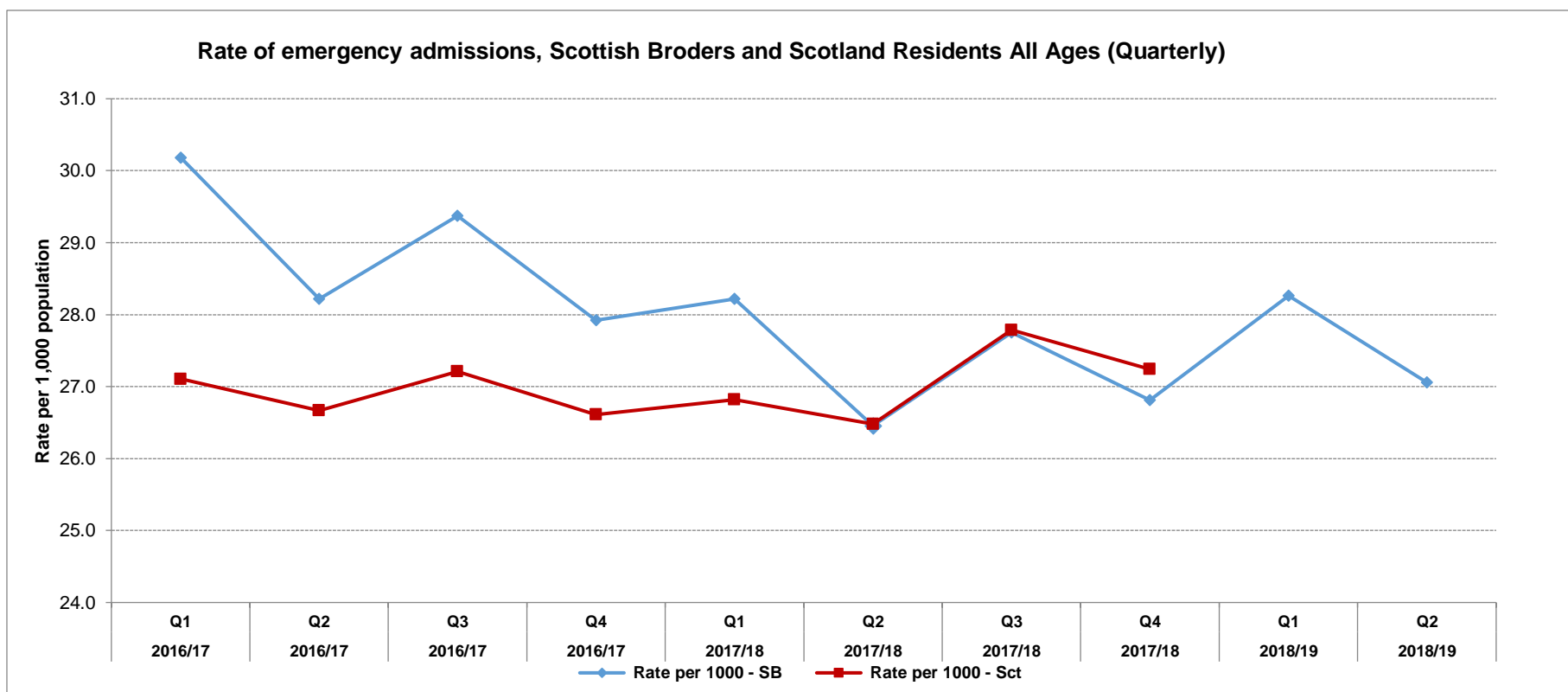
Objective 3: We will improve the capacity within the community for people who have been in receipt of health and social care services to manage their own conditions and support those who care for them

Objective 1: We will improve health of the population and reduce the number of hospital admissions

Emergency Admissions, Scottish Borders residents All Ages

Source: MSG Integration Performance Indicators workbook (SMR01 data)

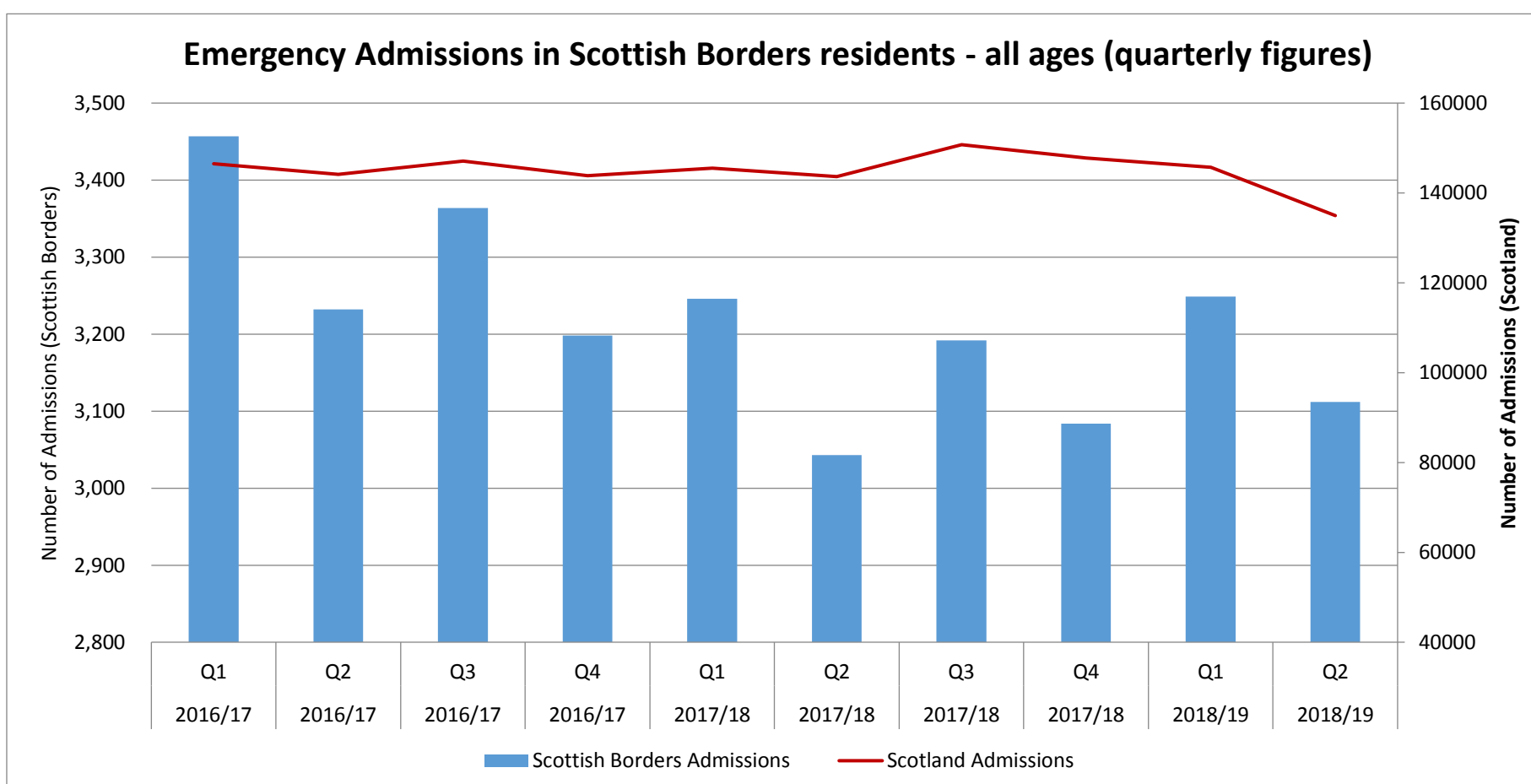
	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
Scottish Borders - Rate of Emergency Admissions per 1,000 population All Ages	30.2	28.2	29.4	27.9	28.2	26.5	27.8	26.8	28.3	27.1
Scotland - Rate of Emergency Admissions per 1,000 population All Ages	27.1	26.7	27.2	26.6	26.8	26.5	27.8	27.2	-	-



Emergency Admissions in Scottish Borders residents - all ages (quarterly figures)

Source: MSG Integration Performance Indicators workbook (SMR01 data)

	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
Scottish Borders Emergency Admissions - All Ages	3,457	3,232	3,364	3,198	3,246	3,043	3,192	3,084	3,249	3,112
Scotland Emergency Admissions - All Ages	146,501	144,134	147,501	143,831	145,495	143,649	150,739	147,780	145,673	134,958



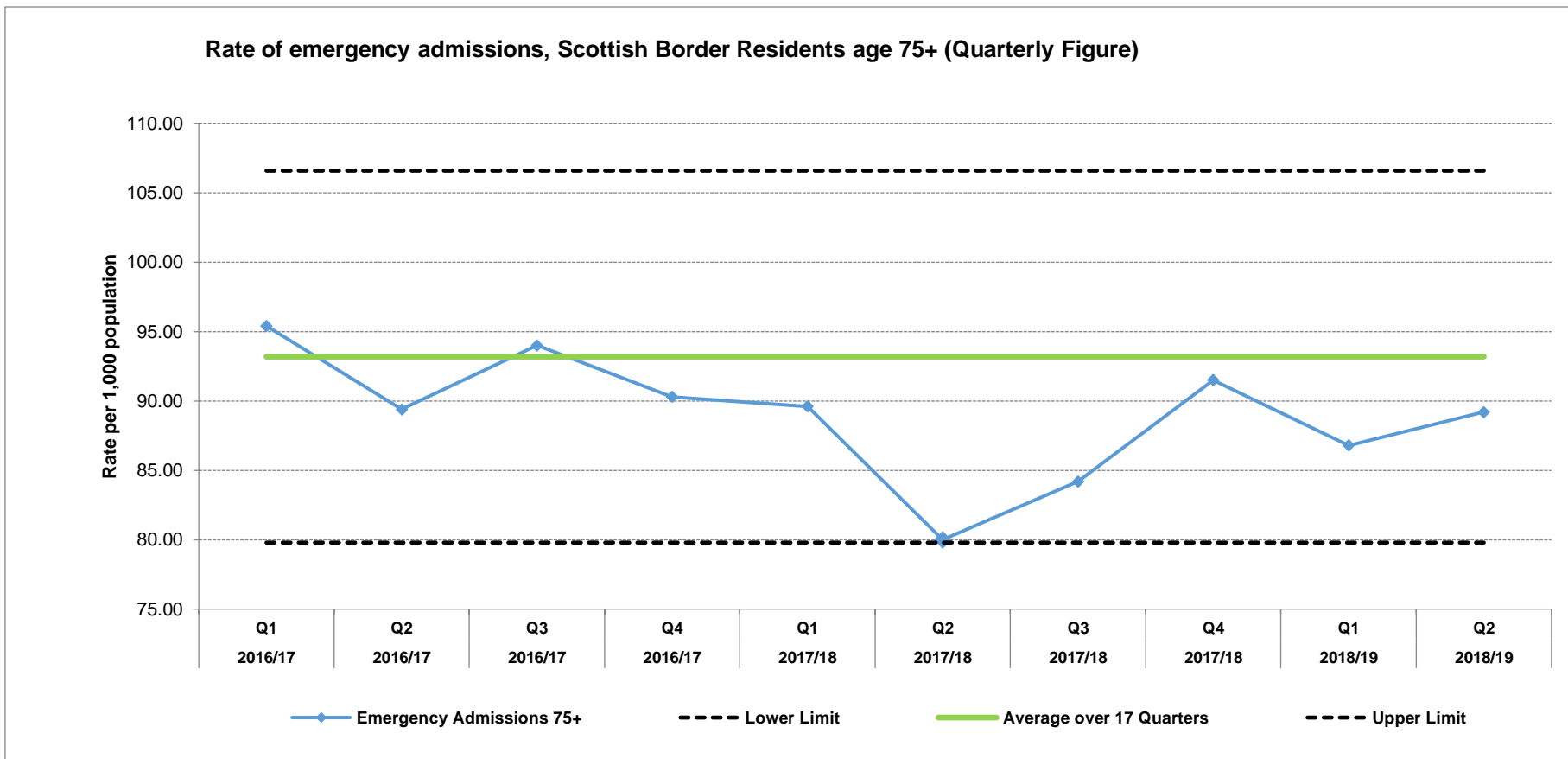
How are we performing?

The quarterly number of Emergency Admissions for Scottish Borders residents (all ages) has continued to fluctuate since the start of the 2016/17 financial year; however, shows an overall decrease since the first quarter of 2016/17. The corresponding quarterly rate per 1,000 population has come down from 30.2 per 1,000 to around 27 by the end of the second quarter in 2018/19. Rates for the borders were brought in line with the Scottish averages in the third and fourth quarters of 2017/18, but are gradually increasing in the first two quarters of 2018/19. This is in contrast to the Scottish averages which have decreased in the first two quarters of the 2018/19 financial year. Once official statistics on emergency admission rates for 2017/18 are published for Scotland, we will be able to show the Scotland comparators in these performance reports. **Please note, Q1 & Q2 2018/19 Scotland Admissions figures are affected by data completeness - these figures are likely to alter in future updates.**

Emergency Admissions, Scottish Borders residents age 75+

Source: NSS Discovery (SMR01 data)

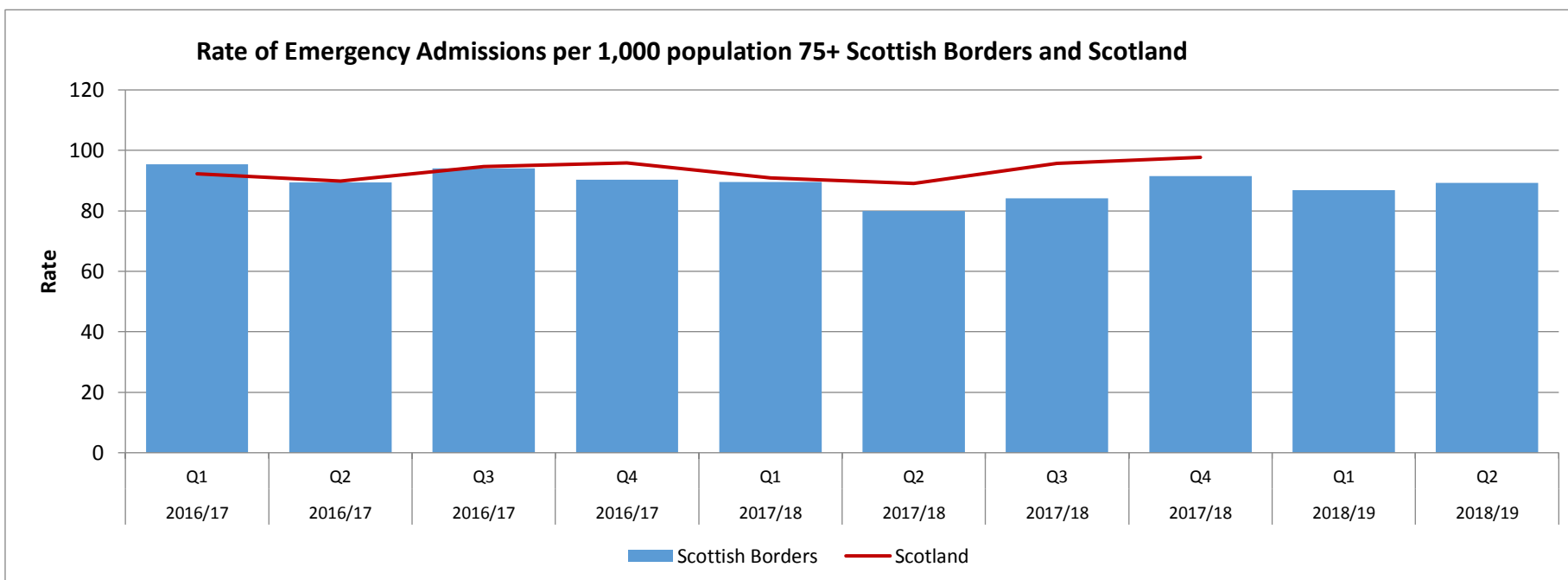
	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
Number of Emergency Admissions, 75+	1,125	1,054	1,107	1,065	1,074	959	1,009	1,096	1,040	1,069
Rate of Emergency Admissions per 1,000 population 75+	95.4	89.4	94.0	90.4	89.6	80.0	84.2	91.5	86.8	89.2



Emergency Admissions comparison, Scottish Borders and Scotland residents age 75+

Source: NSS Discovery (SMR01 data)

	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
Rate of Emergency Admissions per 1,000 population 75+ Scottish Borders	95.4	89.4	94.0	90.3	89.6	80.0	84.2	91.5	86.8	89.2
Rate of Emergency Admissions per 1,000 population 75+ Scotland	92.3	89.8	94.7	95.8	90.9	89.1	95.8	97.7	-	-



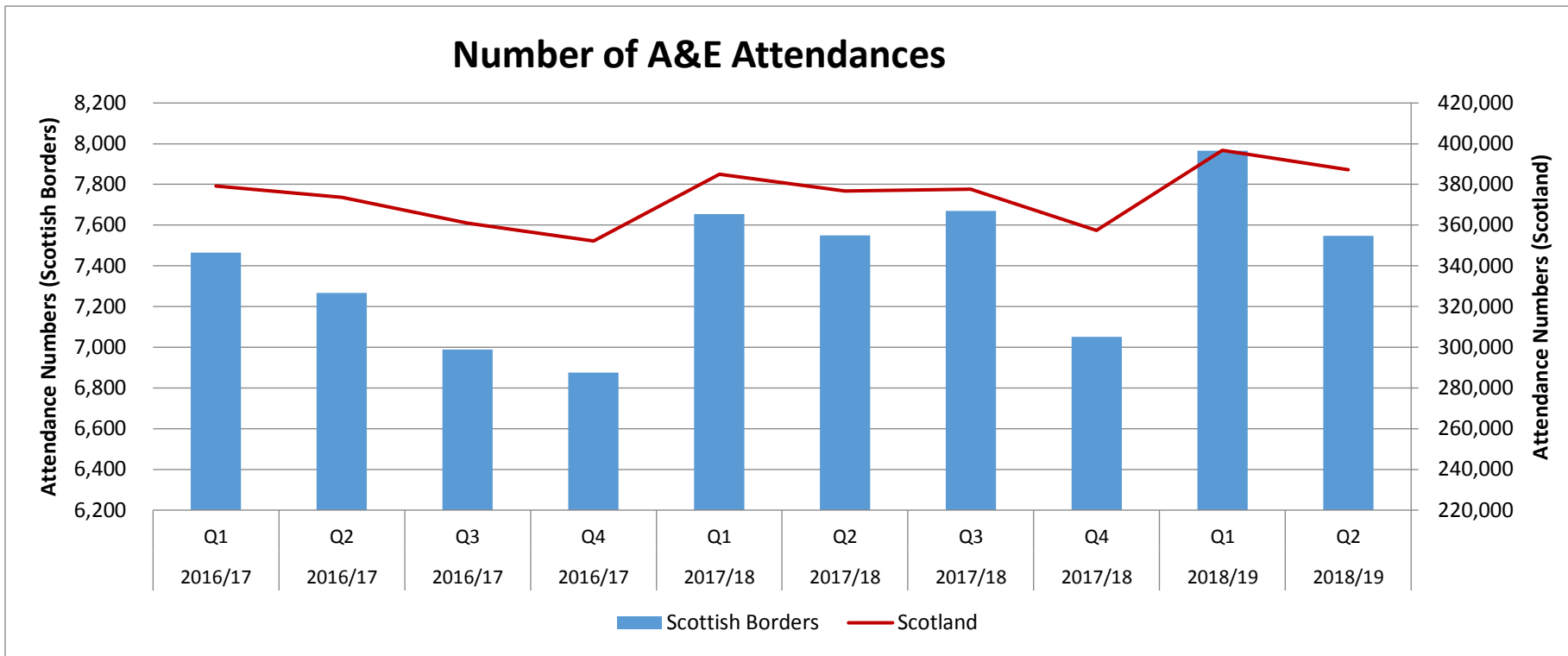
How are we performing?

The rate of emergency admissions for Scottish Borders residents aged 75 and over has generally been decreasing since the first quarter of 2016/17. The Borders rate has been consistently lower than the Scottish average since the second quarter of 2016/17 (July-Sept 2016).

Number of A&E Attendances

Source: MSG Integration Performance Indicators workbook (data from NHS Borders Trakcare system)

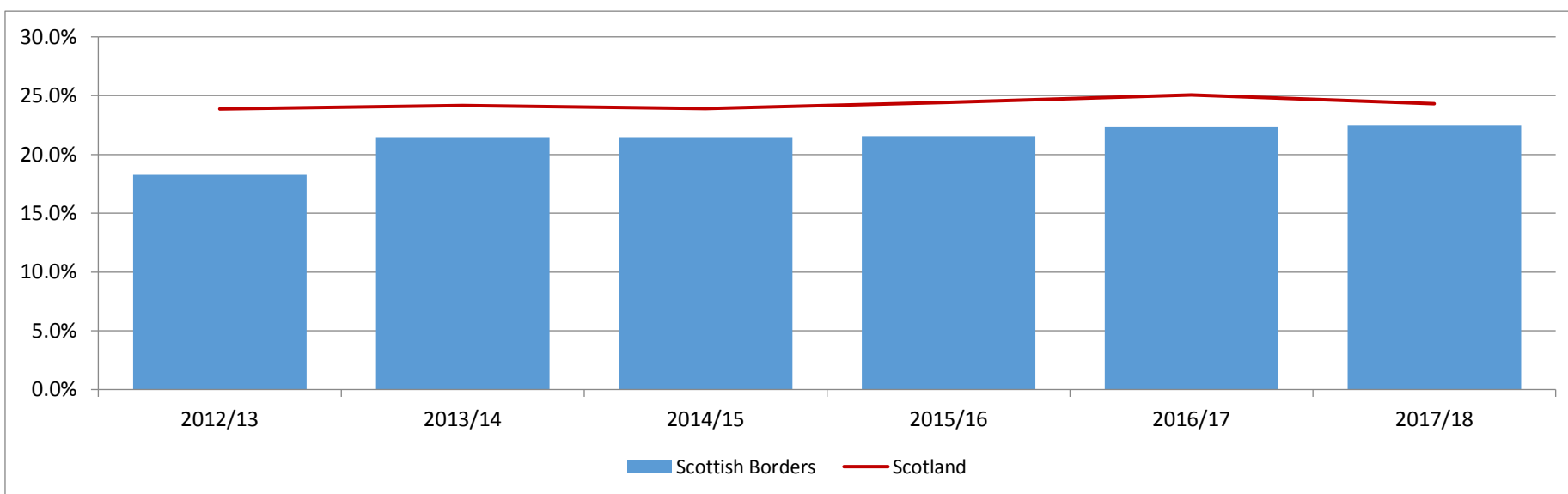
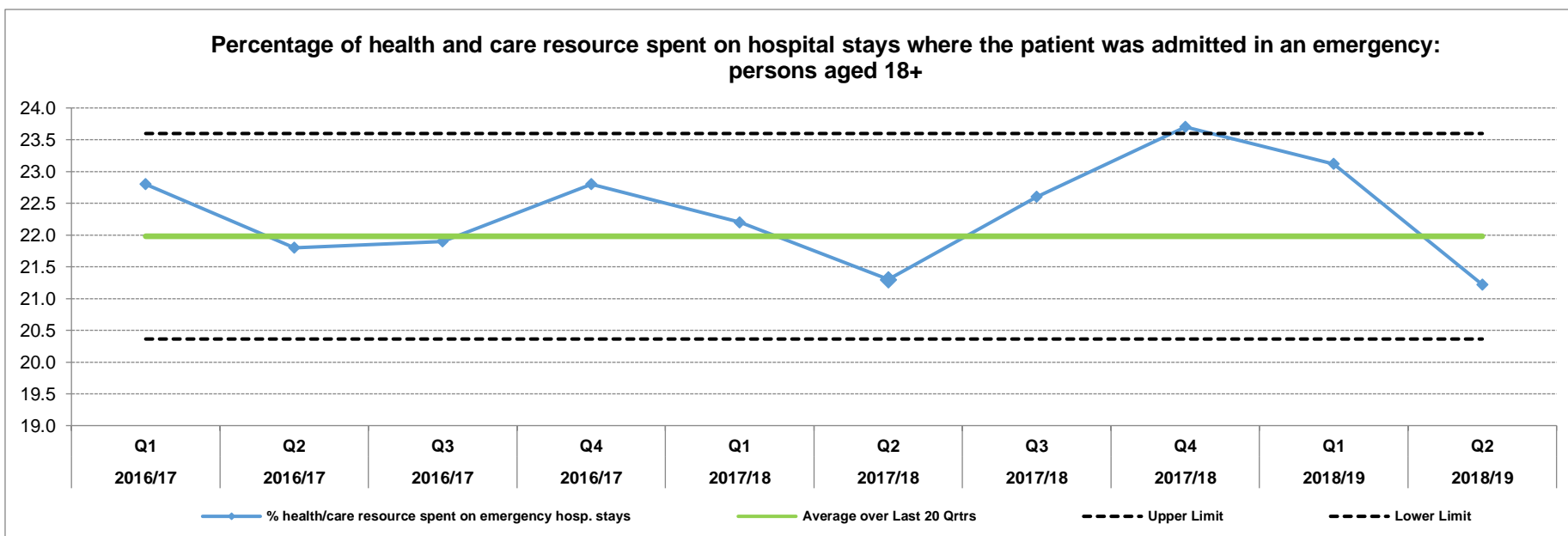
	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
Number of Attendances, Scottish Borders	7,465	7,266	6,989	6,876	7,655	7,550	7,670	7,051	7,966	7,547
Number of Attendances, Scotland	379,254	373,584	360,953	352,210	384,898	376,666	377,588	357,401	396,748	387,218



Percentage of health and care resource spent on hospital stays where the patient was admitted in an emergency: persons aged 18+

Source: Core Suite Indicator workbooks

	Q1 2016-17	Q2 2016-17	Q3 2016-17	Q4 2016-17	Q1 2017-18	Q2 2017-18	Q3 2017-18	Q4 2017-18	Q1 2018-19	Q2 2018-19
% of health and care resource spent on emergency hospital stays (Scottish Borders)	22.8	21.8	21.9	22.8	22.2	21.3	22.6	23.7	23.1	21.2



How are we performing?

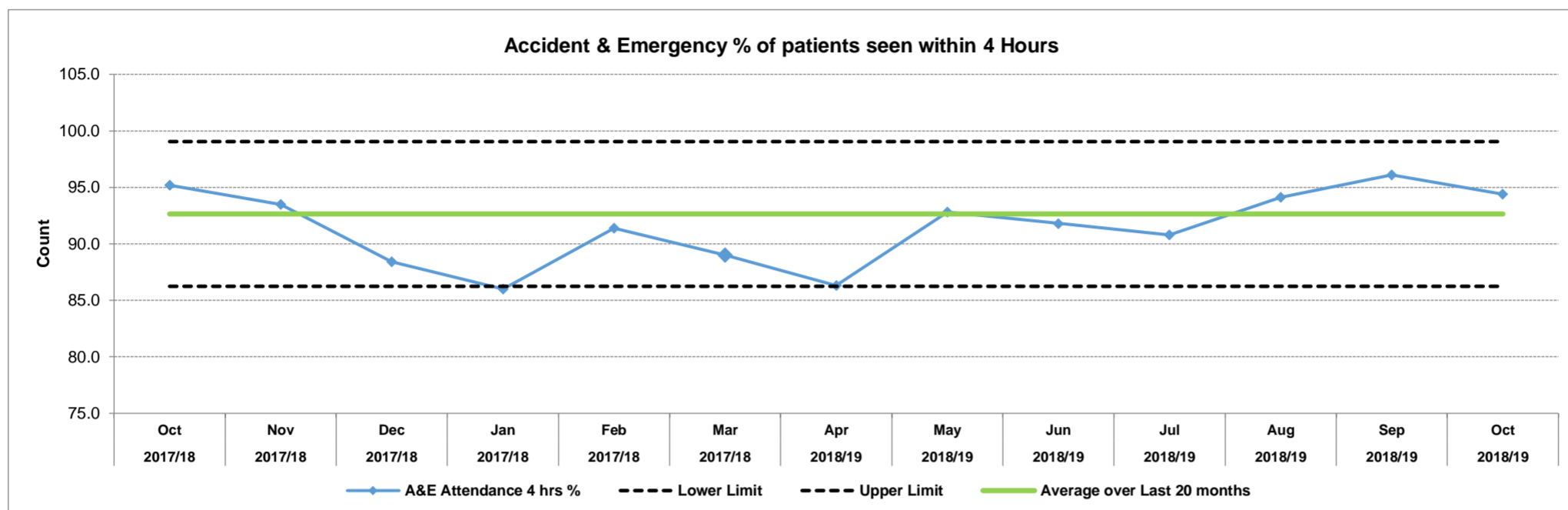
The percentage of health and social care resource spent on unscheduled hospital stays has seen an overall decrease since the first quarter of 2016/17. This spiked at the end of the 2017/18 financial year although has been decreasing over the first two quarters of this financial year (2018/19). As with other Health and Social Care Partnerships, Scottish Borders is expected to continue work to reduce the relative proportion of spend attributed to unscheduled stays in hospital.

Objective 2: We will improve patient flow within and out with hospital

Accident and Emergency attendances seen within 4 hours- Scottish Borders

Source: NHS Borders Trakcare system

	Oct-17	Nov-17	Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18	Jun-18	Jul-18	Aug-18	Sep-18	Oct-18
Number of A&E Attendances seen within 4 hours	2599	2405	2624	2395	2143	2455	2546	2747	2793	2812	2745	2630	2726
% A&E Attendances seen within 4 hour	95.2%	93.5%	88.4%	86.0%	91.4%	89.0%	86.3%	92.8%	91.8%	90.8%	94.1%	96.1%	94.4%



How are we performing?

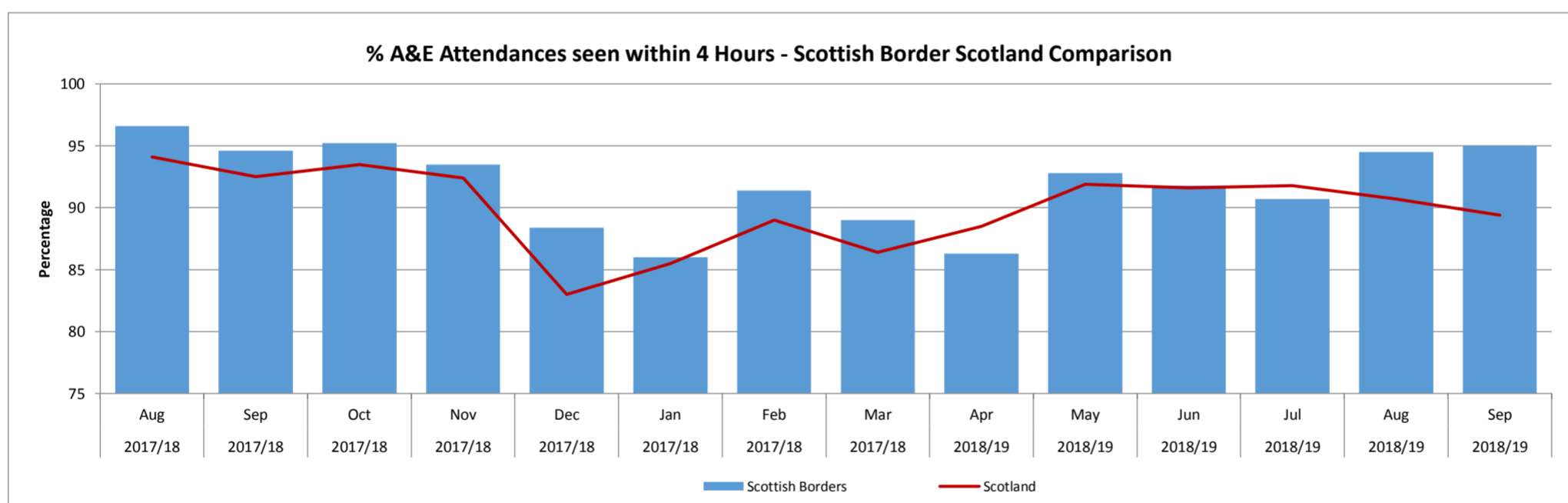
Patients attending A&E and the Acute Assessment Unit (AAU) are routinely discharged within 4 hours. NHS Borders is working towards consistently achieving the 98% local stretch standard.

The % of patients seen within 4 hours has consistently fallen below average since November 2017. The last 3 months have seen an increase with the % now sitting above the 94% average. Scottish Borders has also been higher than the Scottish Average for the last 2 months (August & September 2018), only falling below this average twice in the 2018/19 financial year to date.

% A&E Attendances seen within 4 Hours - Scottish Border and Scotland Comparison

Source: MSG Integration Performance Indicators workbook (A&E2 data) / ISD Scotland ED Activity and Waiting Times publication

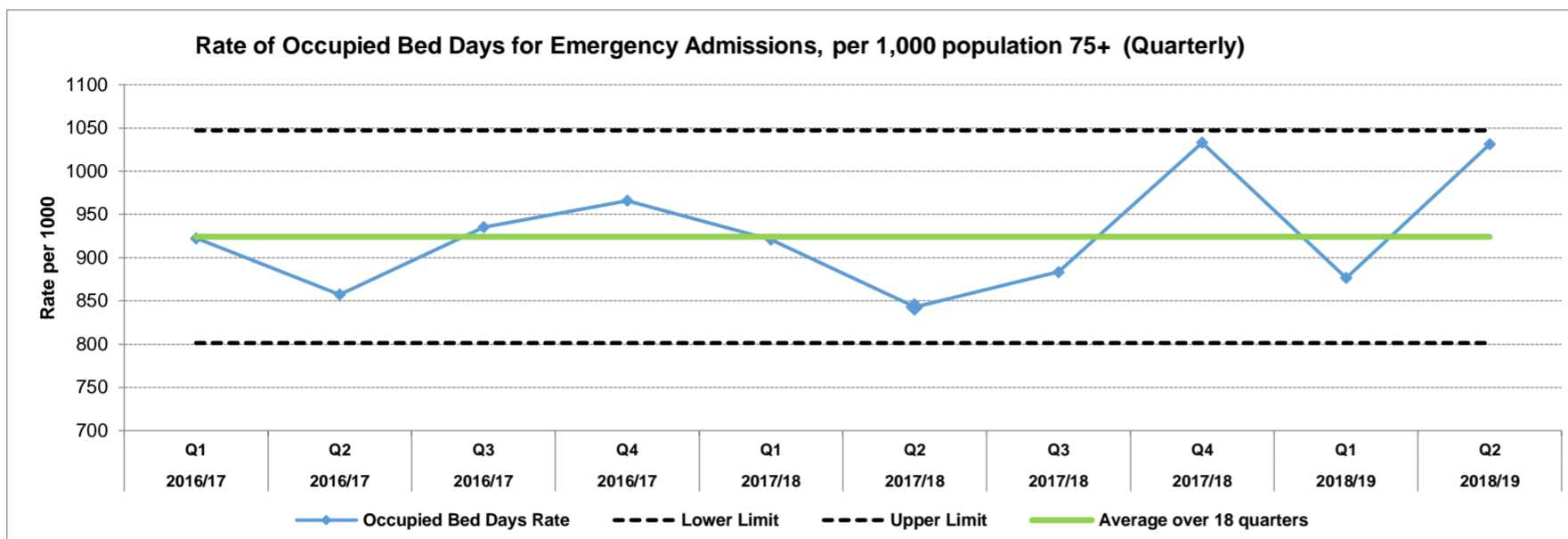
	Sep-17	Oct-17	Nov-17	Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18	Jun-18	Jul-18	Aug-18	Sep-18
% A&E Attendances seen within 4 hour Scottish Borders	94.6%	95.2%	93.5%	88.4%	86.0%	91.4%	89.0%	86.3%	92.8%	91.8%	90.7%	94.5%	95.0%
% A&E Attendances seen within 4 hour Scotland	92.5%	93.5%	92.4%	83.0%	85.5%	89.0%	86.4%	88.5%	91.9%	91.6%	91.8%	90.7%	89.4%



Occupied Bed Days for emergency admissions, Scottish Borders Residents age 75+

Source: NSS Discovery (SMR01 data)

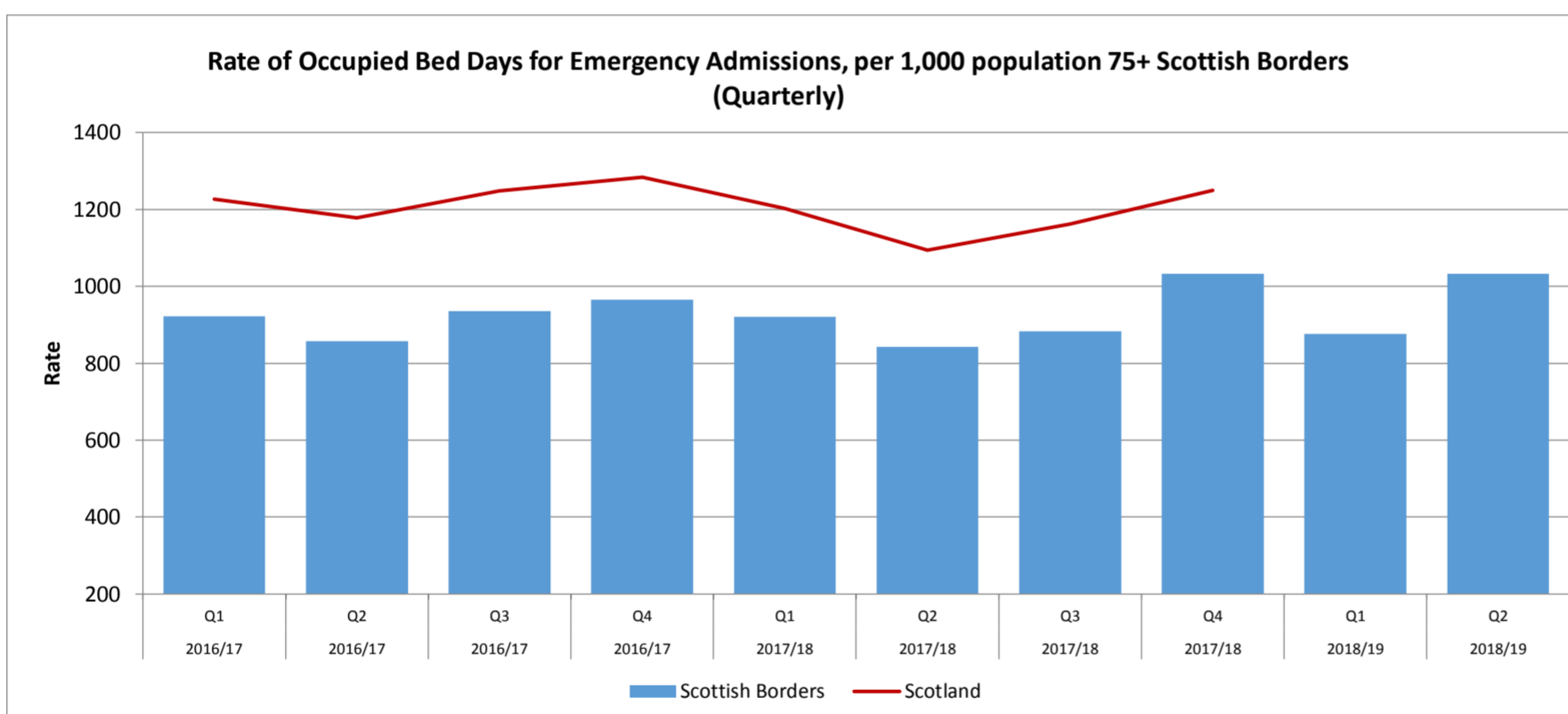
	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
Number of Occupied Bed Days for emergency Admissions, 75+	10877	10109	11028	11387	11035	10103	10582	12377	10523	12356
Rate of Occupied Bed Days for Emergency Admissions, per 1,000 population 75+	922	857	935	966	921	843	883	1033	876	1031



Occupied Bed Days for emergency admissions, Scottish Borders and Scotland Residents age 75+

Source: NSS Discovery (SMR01 data)

	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
Rate of Occupied Bed Days for Emergency Admissions, per 1,000 population 75+ Scottish Borders	922	857	935	965	921	843	883	1033	876	1032
Rate of Occupied Bed Days for Emergency Admissions, per 1,000 population 75+ Scotland	1227	1178	1248	1284	1203	1094	1161	1250	-	-



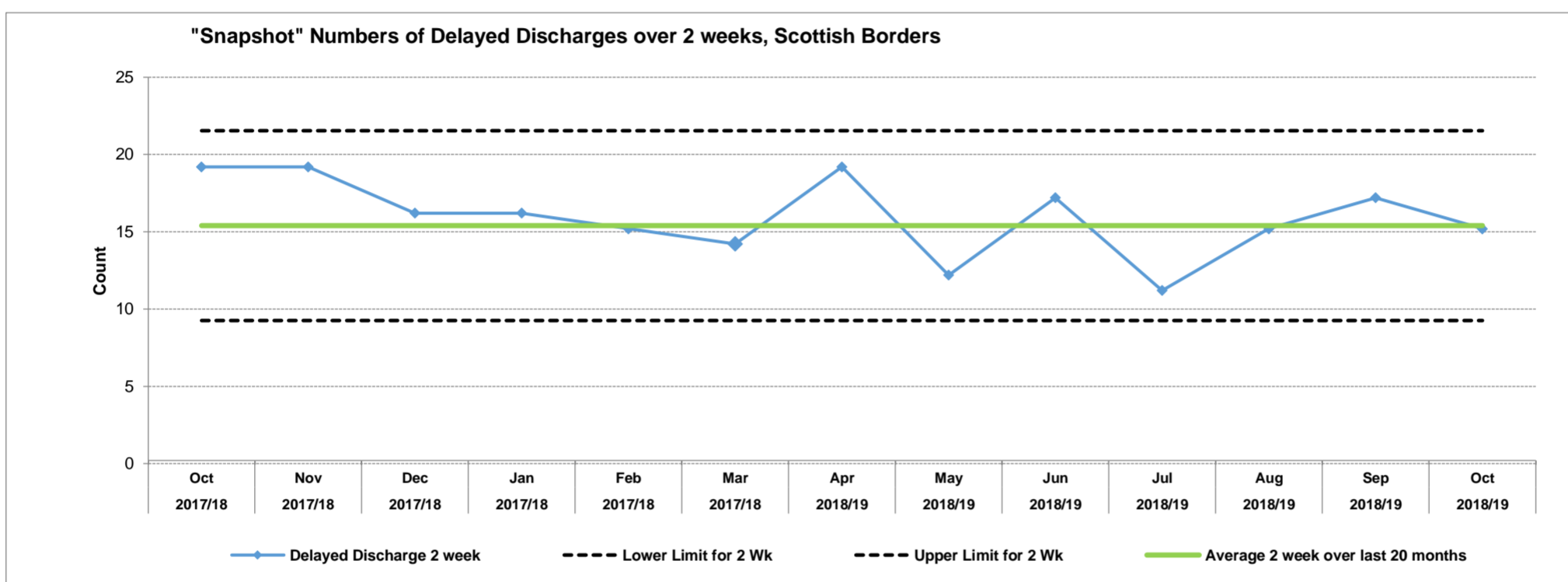
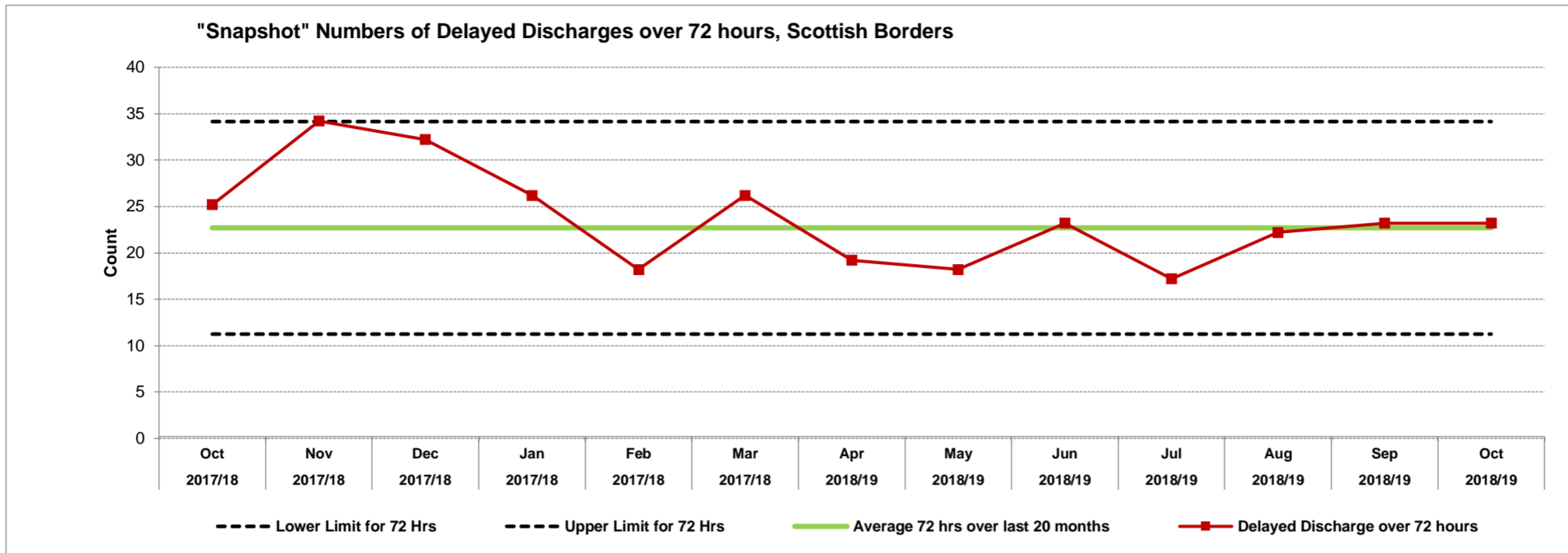
How are we performing?

The quarterly occupied bed day rates for emergency admissions in Scottish Borders residents aged 75 and over have fluctuated over time but are lower than the Scottish averages. Since the fourth quarter of 2017/18, the Scottish rate has twice gone above 1,000 per 1,000 of the population and has seen an overall increase since quarter one of 2016/17. This mirrors the trend of the Scottish average, which also shows a slight overall increase since the first quarter of 2016/17. It should be noted that this nationally-derived measure does not include bed-days in the four Borders' Community Hospitals, which will be at least part of the reason for the Borders rates appearing lower than the national averages.

Delayed Discharges (DDs)

Source: EDISON/NHS Borders Trakcare system

	Oct-17	Nov-17	Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18	Jun-18	Jul-18	Aug-18	Sep-18	Oct-18
Number of DDs over 2 weeks	19	19	16	16	15	14	19	12	17	11	15	17	15
Number of DDs over 72 hours	25	34	32	26	18	26	19	18	23	17	22	23	23



Please note the Delayed Discharge over 72 hours measurement has recently been implemented from April 2016.

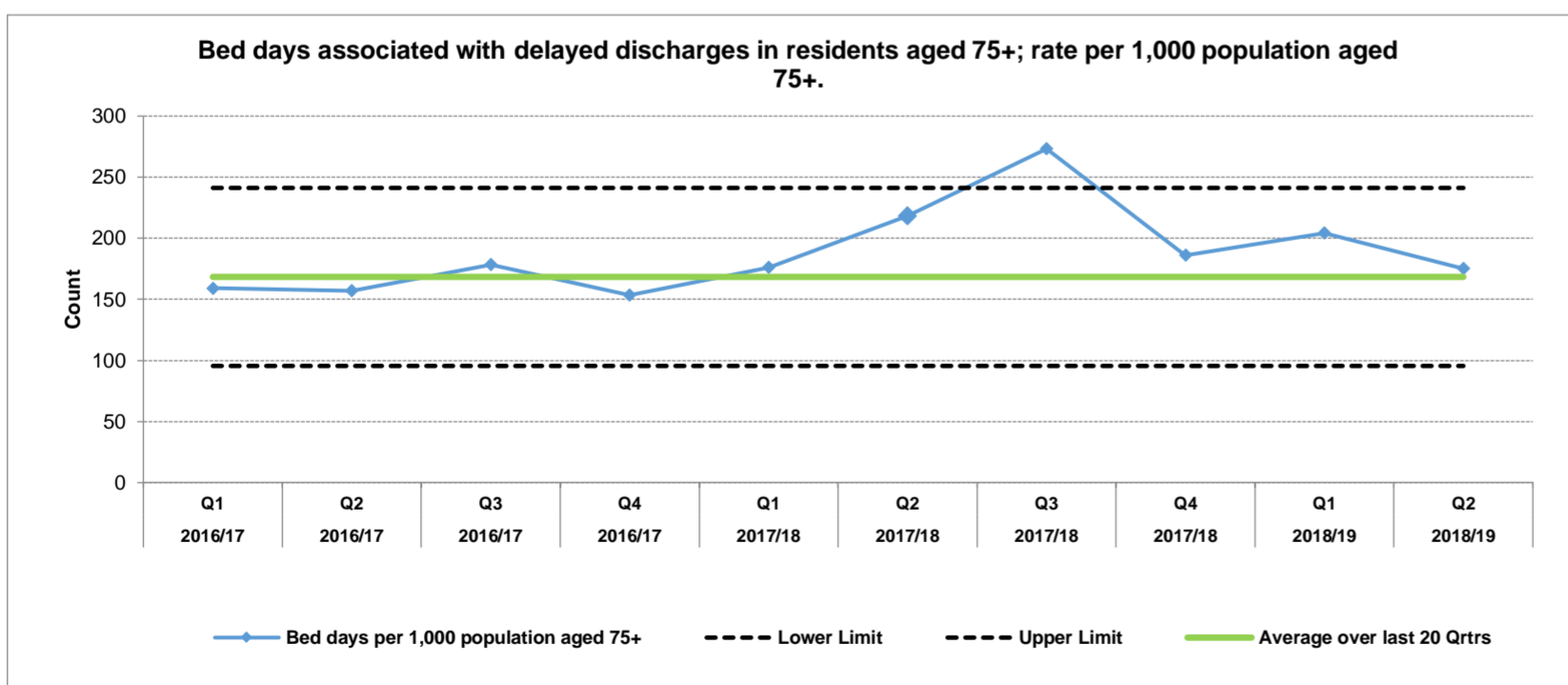
It has been overlayed on this graph as an indicator of the new measurement (light blue line) however as data is limited we cannot provide a statistical run chart for this.

The DD over 2 weeks measurement has several years of data and has been plotted on a statistical run chart (with upper, lower limits and an average) to provide additional statistical information to complement the more recent 72 hour measurement.

Bed days associated with delayed discharges in residents aged 75+; rate per 1,000 population aged 75+

Source: Core Suite Indicator workbooks

	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
Bed days per 1,000 population aged 75+	159	157	178	153	176	219	274	187	204	175



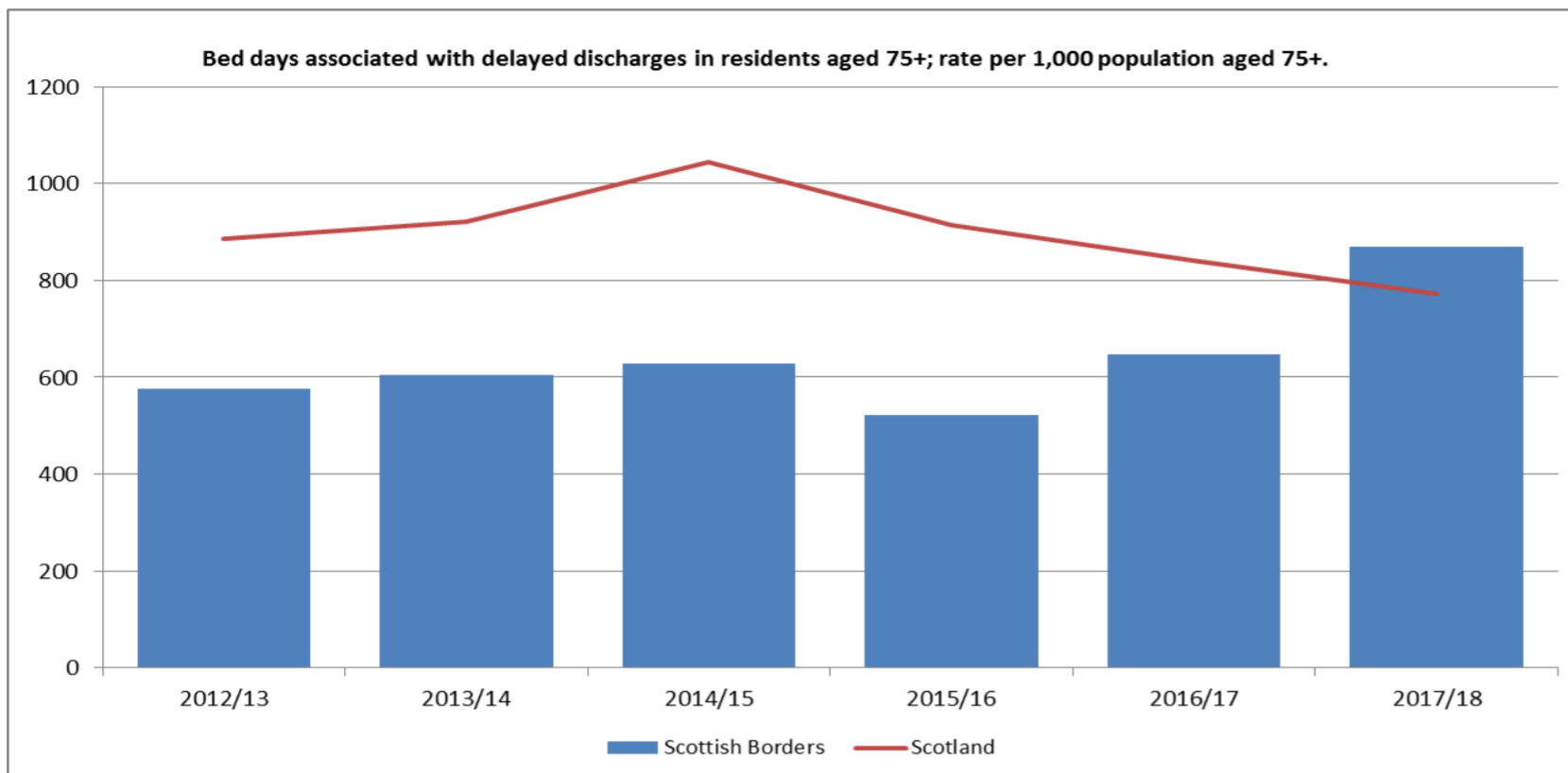
How are we performing?

The quarterly rate of bed days associated with delayed discharges for Scottish Borders residents aged 75 and over has fluctuated since the start of the 2013/14 financial year, but has generally remained around 100 to 200 per 1,000 residents. However, the rate for the middle two quarters of 2017/18 was higher than any previous quarter, increasing to over 200 per 1,000 residents for the first time.

Scotland / Scottish Borders comparison of bed days associated with delayed discharges in residents aged 75+

Source: Core Suite Indicator workbooks

	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17*	2017/18*
Scottish Borders	575	604	628	522	647	869
Scotland	886	922	1044	915	842	772



How are we performing?

Up to 2016/17, rates for the Scottish Borders were lower (better) than the Scottish average. However, in 2017/18 the Borders' rate was higher than Scotland's.

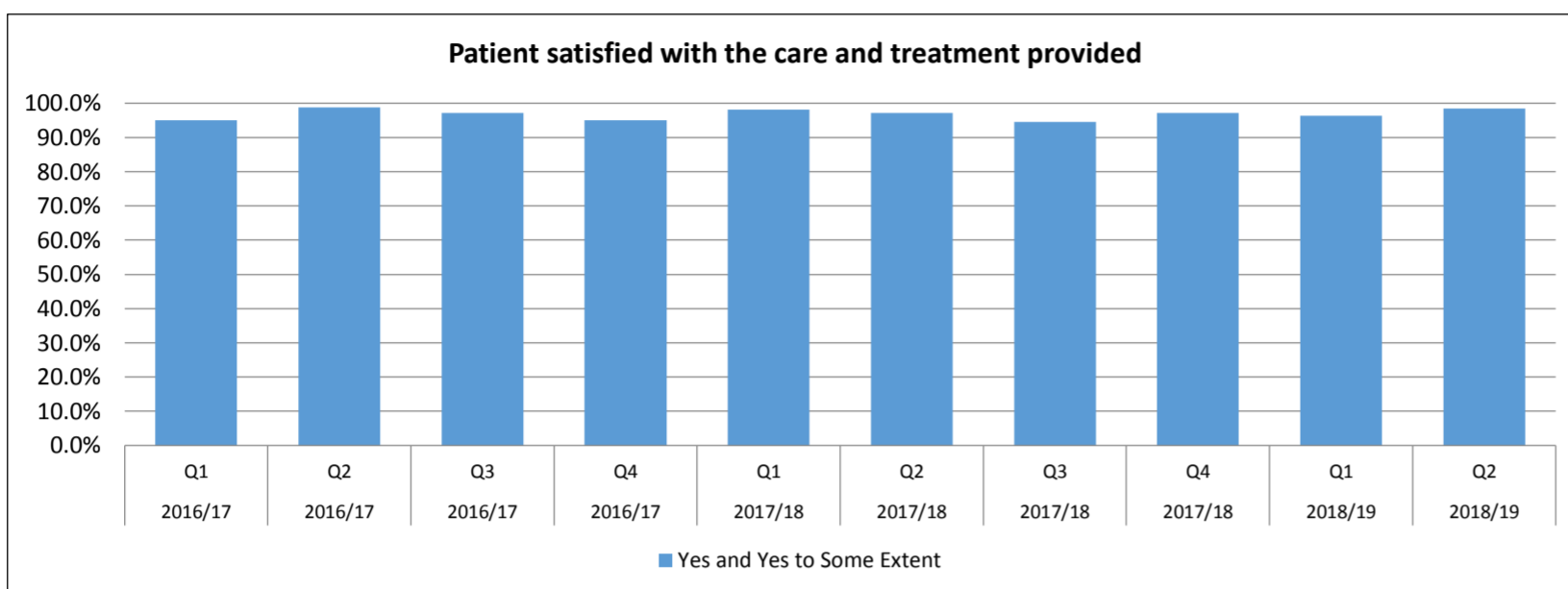
*Please note definitional changes were made to the recording of delayed discharge information from 1 July 2016 onwards. Delays for healthcare reasons and those in non hospital locations (e.g. care homes) are no longer recorded as delayed discharges. In this indicator, no adjustment has been made to account for the definitional changes during the year 2016/17. The changes affected reporting of figures in some areas more than others therefore comparisons before and after July 2016 may not be possible at partnership level. It is estimated that, at Scotland level, the definitional changes account for a reduction of around 4% of bed days across previous months up to June 2016, and a decrease of approximately 1% in the 2016/17 bed day rate for

BGH and Community Hospital Patient/Carer/Relative '2 Minutes of Your Time' Survey

Source: NHS Borders

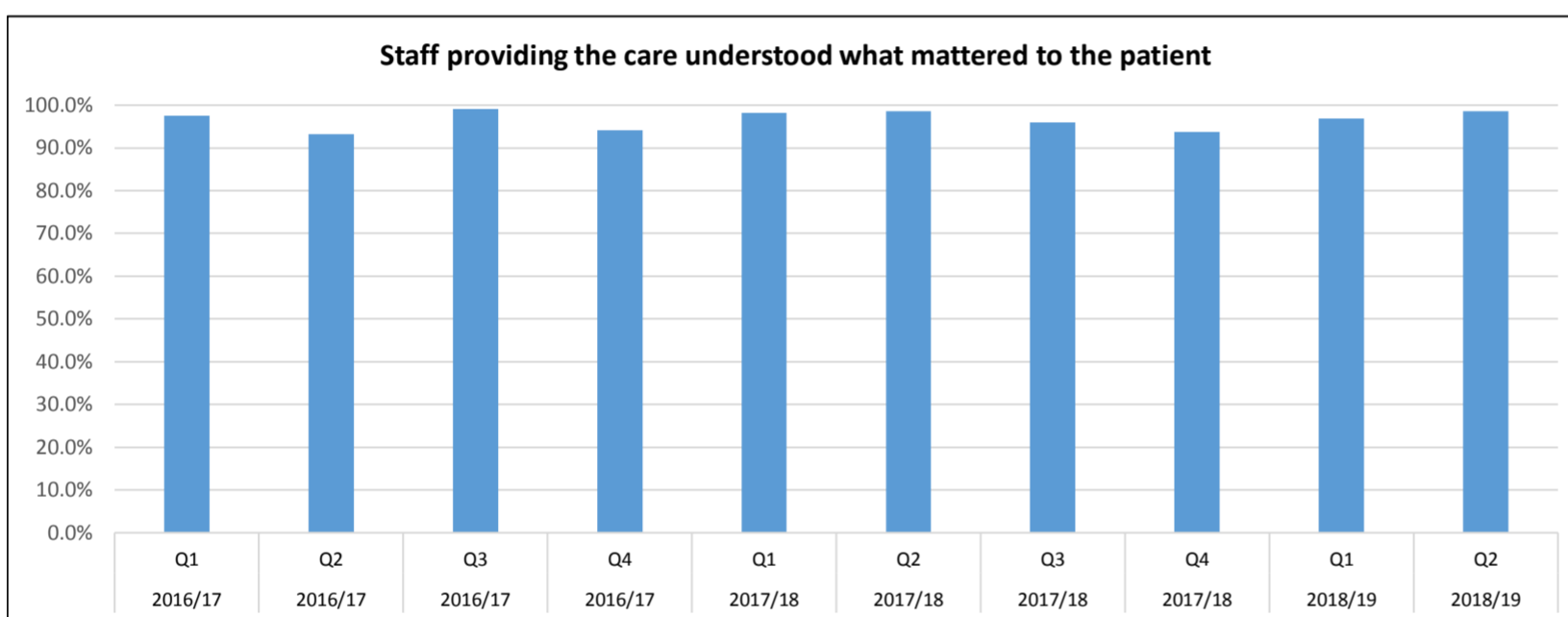
Q1 Was the patient satisfied with the care and treatment provided?

	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
Patients feeling satisfied or yes to some extent	232	160	105	116	105	206	141	135	156	135
% feeling satisfied or yes to some extent	95.1%	98.8%	97.2%	95.1%	98.1%	97.2%	94.6%	97.1%	96.3%	98.5%



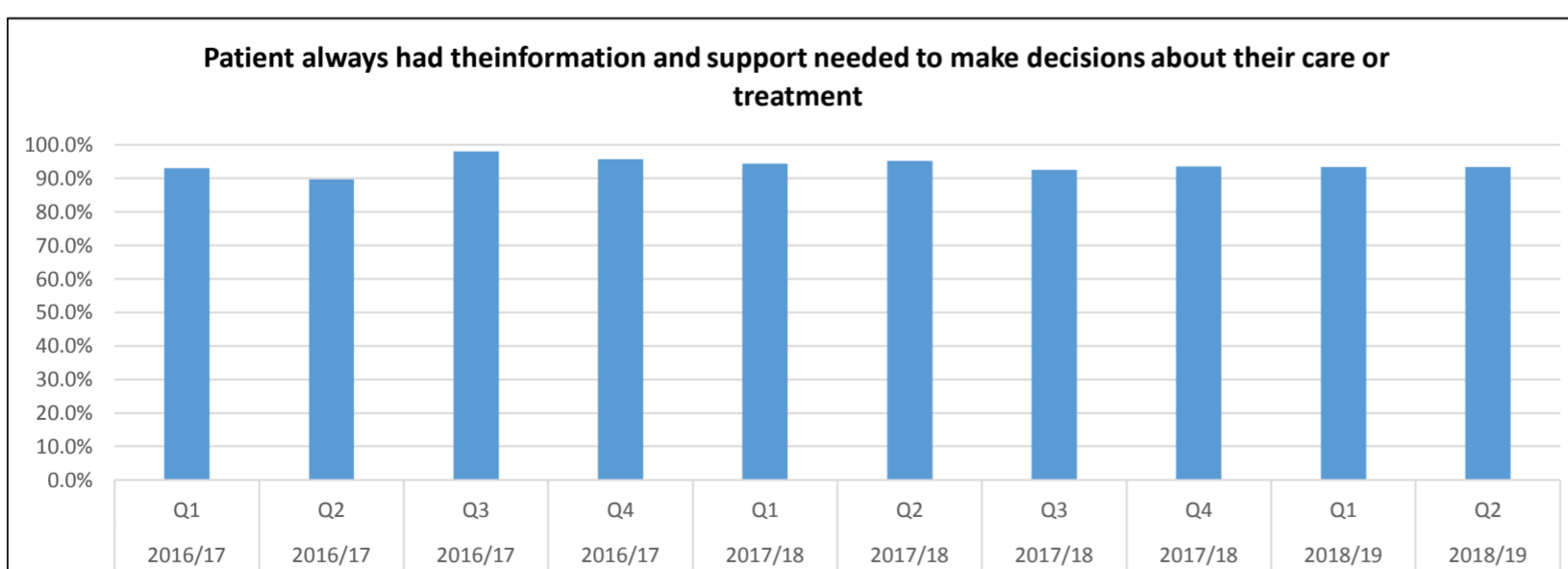
Q2 Did the staff providing the care understand what mattered to the patient?

	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
Staff providing the care understood what mattered to the patient, or yes to some extent	238	151	106	113	105	213	144	135	158	136
% understood what mattered or yes to some extent	97.5%	93.2%	99.1%	94.2%	98.1%	98.6%	96.0%	93.8%	96.9%	98.6%



Q3 Did the patient always have the information and support needed to make decisions about their care or treatment?

	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
Patients always had the information and support needed to make decisions about their care or treatment, or yes to some extent	226	147	101	111	99	200	137	129	141	125
% always had information or support, or yes to some extent	93.0%	89.6%	98.1%	95.7%	94.3%	95.2%	92.6%	93.5%	93.4%	93.3%



How are we performing?

The 2 Minutes of Your Time Survey is carried out across the Borders General Hospital and Community Hospitals and comprises of 3 quick questions asked of patients, relatives or carers by volunteers. There are also boxes posted in wards for responses. The results given here are the responses where the answer given was in the affirmative or 'yes to some extent'. Percentages given are of the total number of responses.

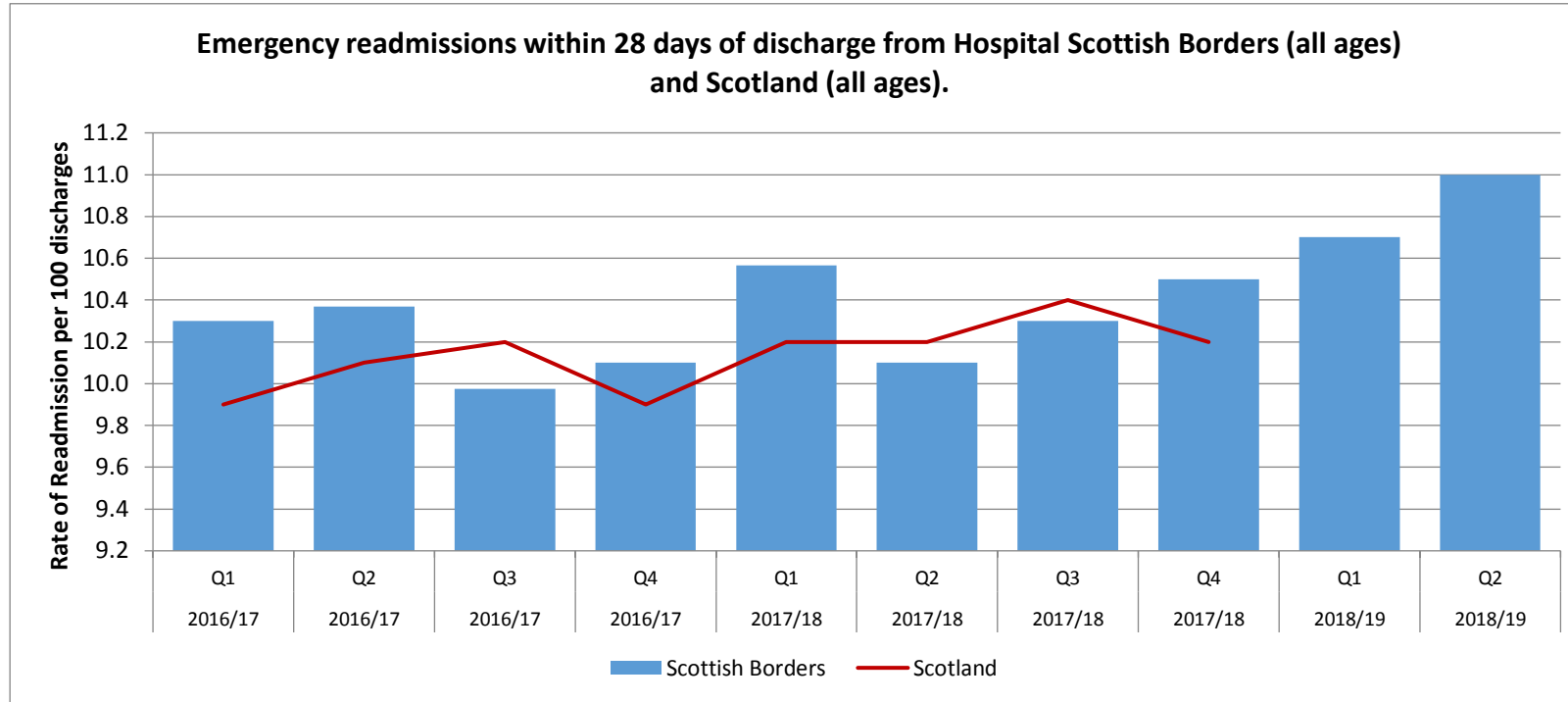
The positive response averages for the last 7 quarters are 96.7% for question 1, 96.6% for question 2 and 94.0% for question 3.

Objective 3: We will improve the capacity within the community for people who have been in receipt of health and social care services to manage their own conditions and support those who care for them

Emergency readmissions within 28 days of discharge from hospital, Scottish Borders residents (all ages)

Source: ISD LIST bespoke analysis of SMR01 and SMR01-E data (based on "NSS Discovery" indicator but here also adding in Borders Community Hospital beds).

	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
28-day readmission rate Scottish Borders (per 100 discharges)	10.2	10.4	10.0	10.1	10.6	10.1	10.3	10.5	10.7	11.0
28-day readmission rate Scotland (per 100 discharges)	9.9	10.1	10.2	9.9	10.2	10.2	10.4	10.2	-	-



How are we performing?

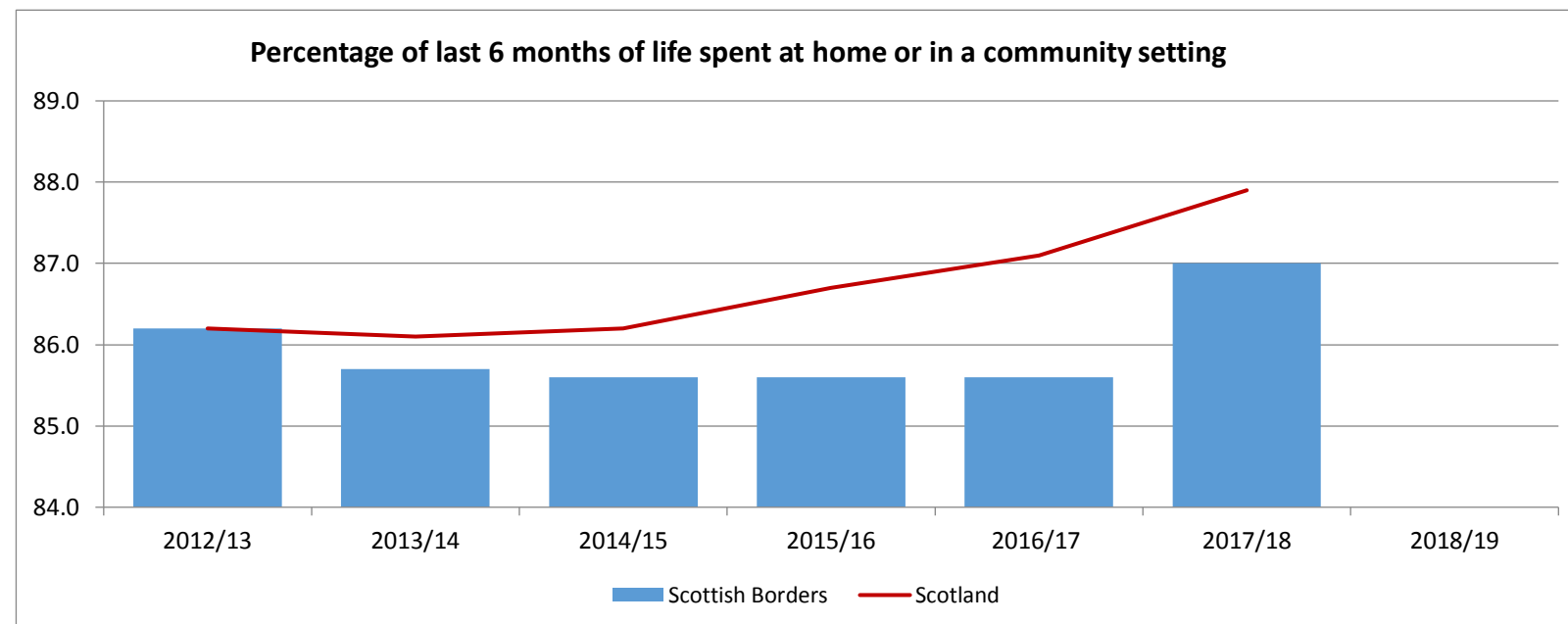
The quarterly rate of emergency readmissions within 28 days of discharge for Scottish Borders residents has fluctuated since the start of the 2016/17 financial year, but has generally remained under 11 readmissions per 100 discharges. There has been a notable increase in readmissions within 28 days of discharge since quarter two of 2017/18.

The Borders rate has usually been higher than the Scottish average. The gap has slightly narrowed over time, although at least in part this will reflect improvements in the accuracy of NHS Borders' data coding. Quarter 4 in 2017/18 saw the Borders rate increase beyond the Scottish Average again.

Percentage of last 6 months of life spent at home or in a community setting

Source: Core Suite Indicator workbooks

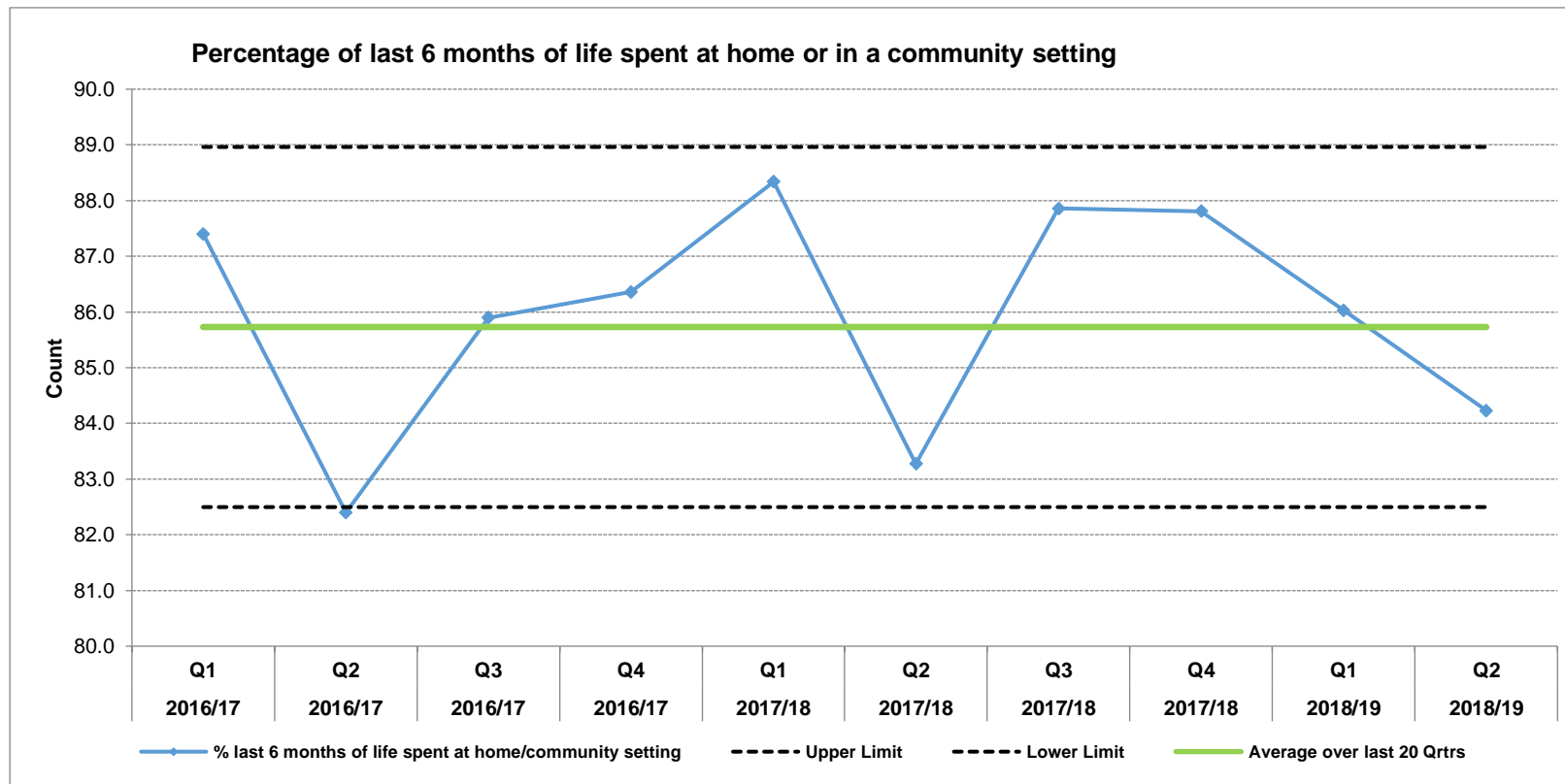
	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Scottish Borders	86.2	85.7	85.6	85.6	85.6	87.0	
Scotland	86.2	86.1	86.2	86.7	87.1	87.9	



Percentage of last 6 months of life spent at home or in a community setting

Source: Core Suite Indicator workbooks

	Q1 2016/17	Q2 2016/17	Q3 2016/17	Q4 2016/17	Q1 2017/18	Q2 2017/18	Q3 2017/18	Q4 2017/18	Q1 2018/19	Q2 2018/19
% last 6 months of life spent at home or in a community setting Scottish Borders	87.4	82.4	87.9	86.4	88.3	83.3	87.9	87.8	86.0	84.2



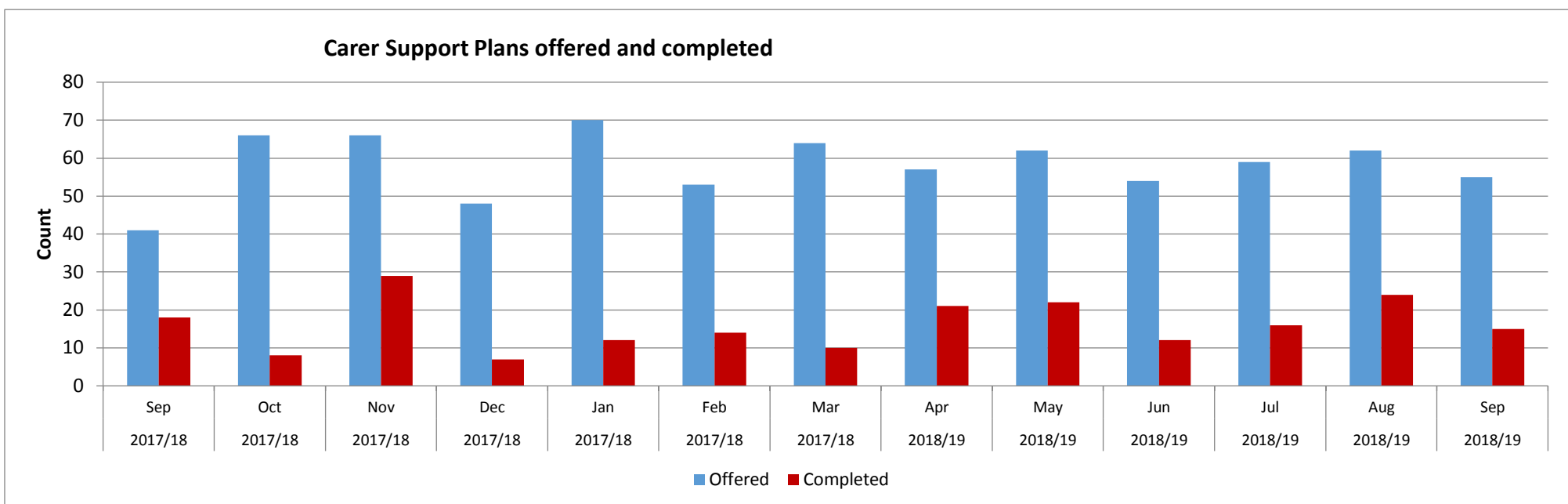
How are we performing?
 The percentage of last 6 months of life spent at home or in a community setting has appeared fairly consistent in the Borders from year to year since 2013/14 but in each case remains a little below the Scottish average, which is gradually increasing.

In addition to the annual measure around end of life care, local quarterly data has been provided in relation to last 6 months of life (for Scottish Borders only). However, the very “spikey” nature of the figures requires the Integration Performance Group to investigate this measure further to explore the reasons for the fluctuations and assess its usefulness and accuracy within this performance scorecard. It may be that the figures need to be treated on a “provisional” basis.

Carers offered and completed Carer Support Plans

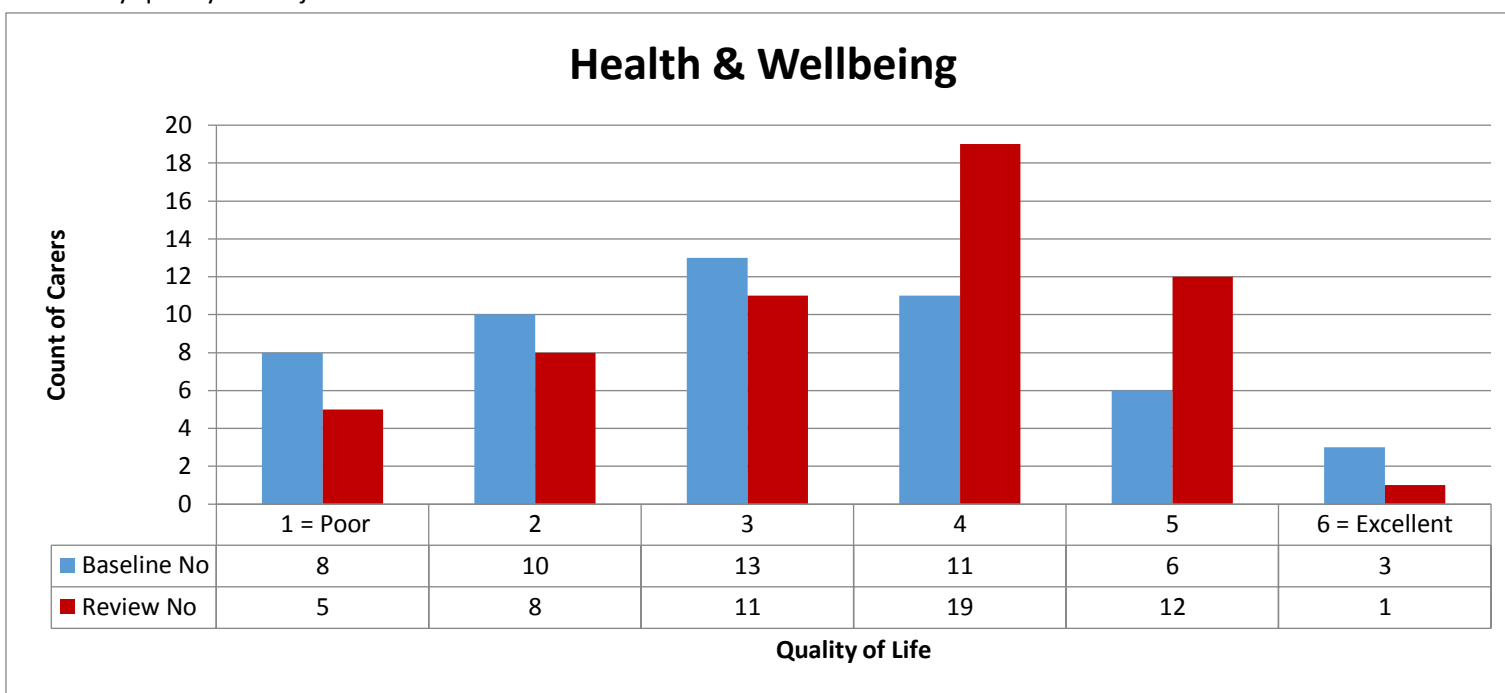
Source: Mosaic Social Care System and Carers Centre

	Sep-17	Oct-17	Nov-17	Dec-17	Jan-18	Feb-18	Mar-18	Apr-18	May-18	Jun-18	Jul-18	Aug-18	Sep-18
Assessments offered during Adult Assessment	41	66	66	48	70	53	64	57	62	54	59	62	55
Assessments completed by Carers Centre	18	8	29	7	12	14	10	21	22	12	16	24	15



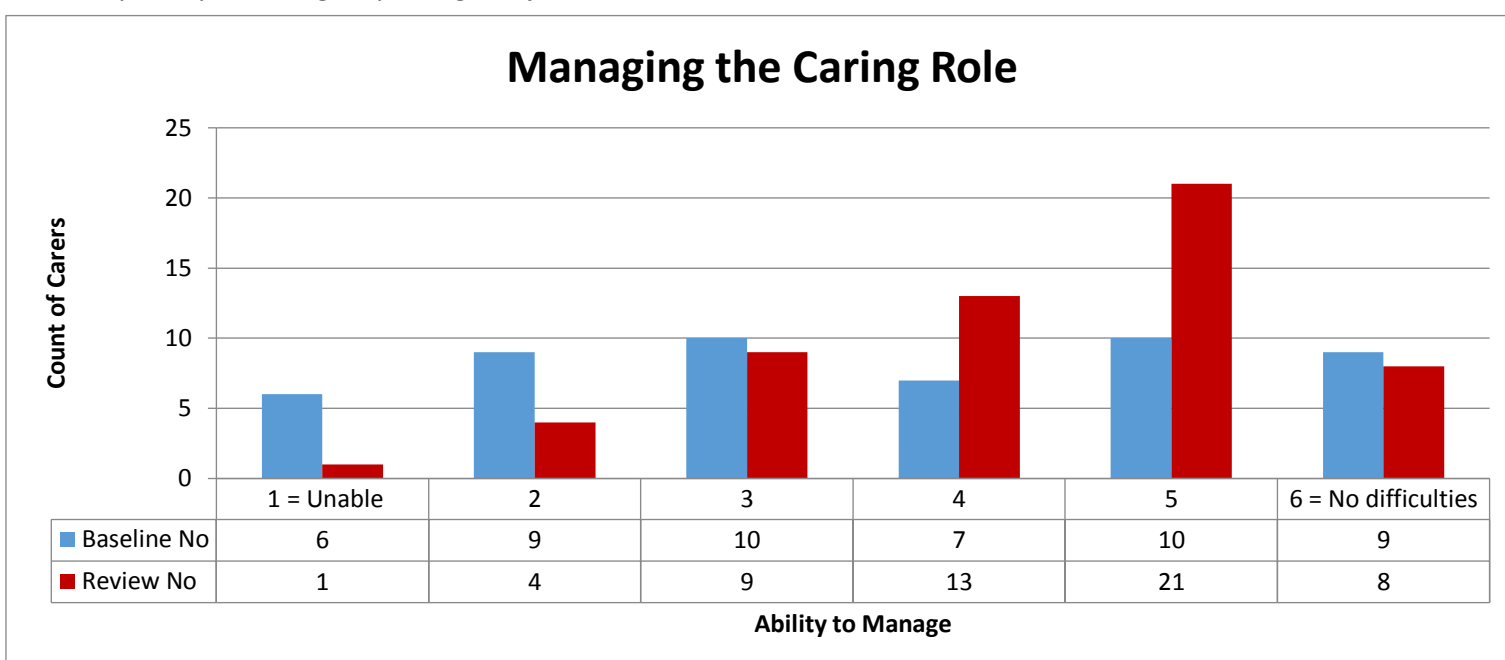
Health and Wellbeing (Q2 2018/19)

I think my quality of life just now is:



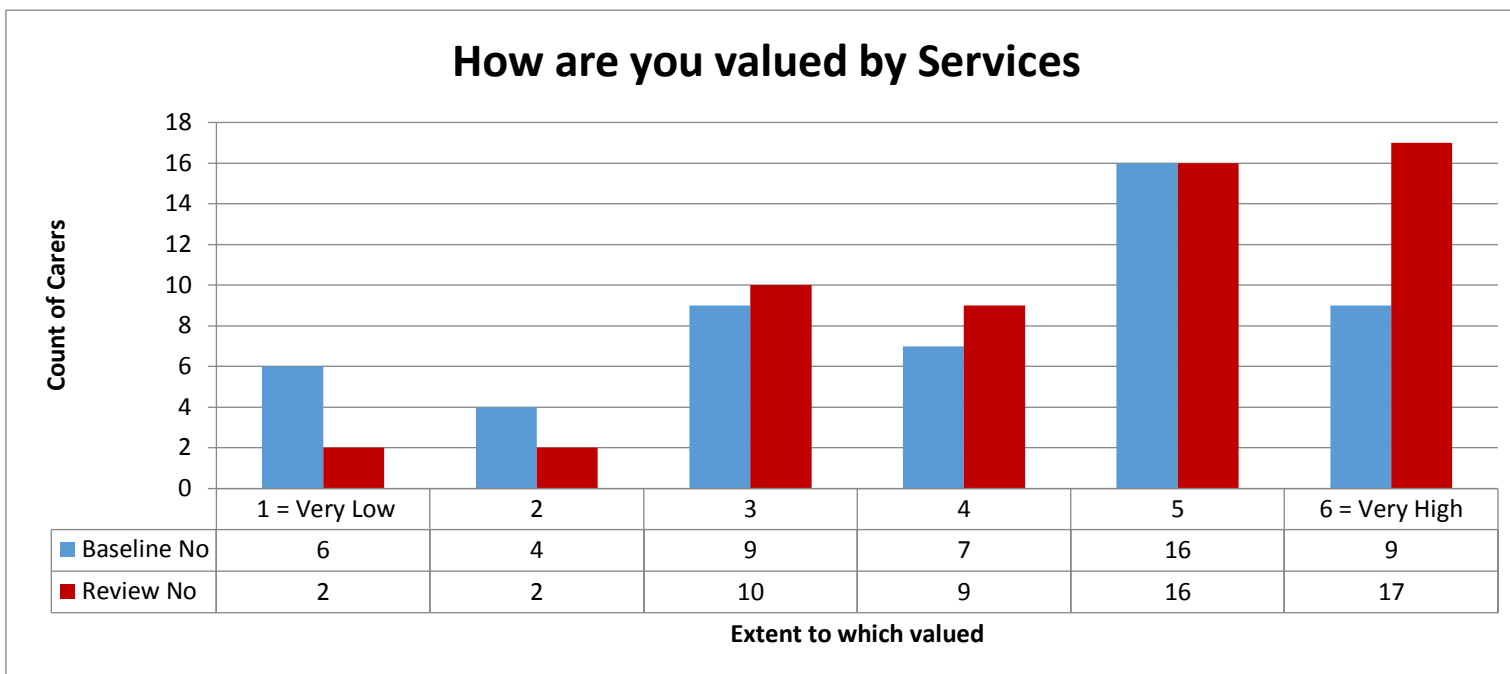
Managing the Caring role

I think my ability to manage my caring role just now is:



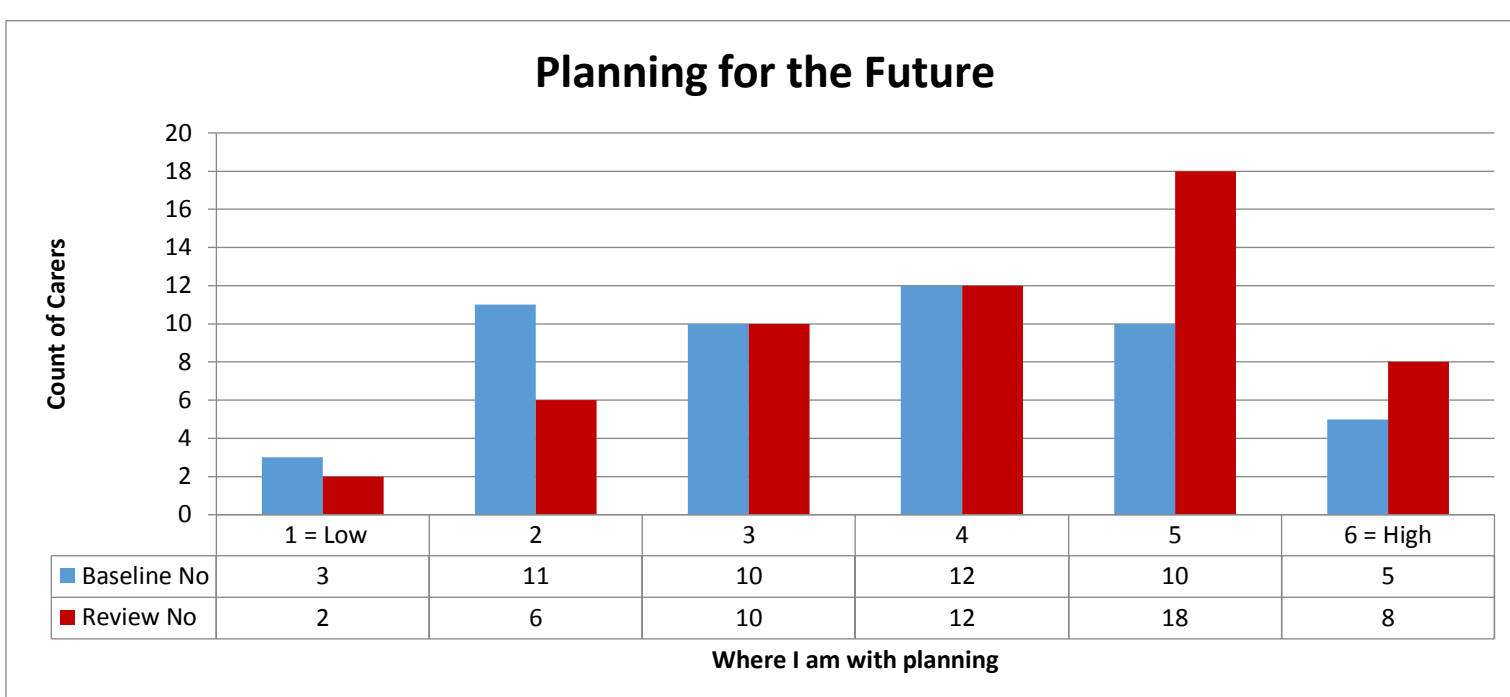
How are you valued by Services

I think the extent to which I am valued by services just now is:



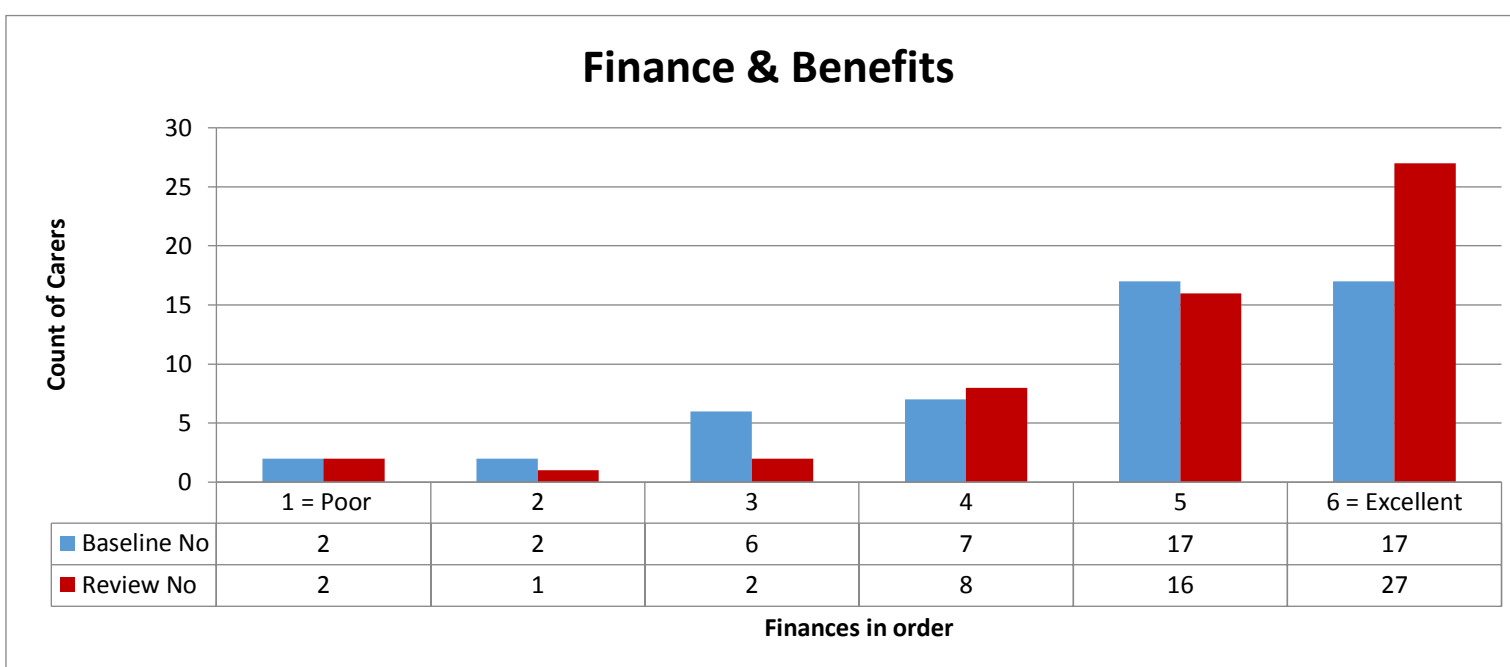
Planning for the Future

I think where I am at with planning for the future is:



Finance & Benefits

I think where I am at with action on finances and benefits is:



How are we performing?

A Carers Assessment includes a baseline review of several key areas which are reviewed within a 3 month to 12 month period depending on the level of need and the indicators from the initial baseline. This information is collated to measure individual outcomes for carers.

Data for Quarter 4 2017/18 shows improvement between the baseline and review surveys in nearly all respects. There are just two exceptions to this – the questions under caring choices around Carers’ social lives and feelings as to whether their lives have been put on hold.